











Sustainability and Employment in the Mediterranean: How Circular Economy Can Create Circular Jobs

Policy recommendations from CLUSTER project





- High rates of youth unemployment and people not in education, employment or training (NEETs)
- Considerable **gender gaps** in employment and education
- Mismatch between skills and the evolving needs of the **labour market**
- Stagnant national economies that are unable to absorb the increasing supply of highly skilled workforce



Sustainability Challenges

- Low circularity rates in almost all Mediterranean countries
- Lack of support in the green transition of small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs)
- Northern demand for agricultural labor and Southern labor surplus are frequently tackled with ad hoc, partial, and precarious solutions.
- Shortage of attractive jobs in the blue economy and increase in the 'brain drain' phenomenon

Recommendations

- Green jobs can enhance productivity, open new markets and investments, create new jobs and restructure many existing ones
- Agriculture is a multifunctional sector, producing local collective goods like ecological services. Sustainable agriculture, achieved through a blend of immediate actions and long-term structural and regional efforts, can improve living conditions in diverse dimensions.
- The **Blue Economy** in Mediterranean countries employs over a million people, with younger workers holding approximately 17% of the jobs, highlighting its job creation potential (EC BE Report, 2023).
- Circular Economy offers diverse employment opportunities, requiring technical expertise, specialist knowledge, and a range of soft, digital, social, and communication skills (Bachus, 2022).



















