





Use of complementary currencies (CM), including a focus on the use of the legal figure of electronic money (EM), for co-production in public-private partnerships with agents of the social and solidarity economy, Tunisia

MedTOWN Project

Co-production of social policies with social and solidarity economy actors to fight poverty, inequality and social exclusion.





www.enicbcmed.eu/projects/ medtown **Community of Practice:** cop.acpp.com





QUESTIONNAIRE PROJECTS PHASES AND LOCAL PARTNERS. MEDTOWN PROJECT. 3rd LOT.

DEMOSTRATIVE ACTION. Name: Coproduction of the use of public spaces for women empowerment **MUNICIPALITY, REGION AND COUNTRY ACTION: Tunis, Tunisia**

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF CONTEXT:

The National Strategic Plan Tunisie Digitale 2020 includes a growing use of Electronic Money in one of its main axes. It is regulated by the central bank and is covered by laws. Complementary Currencies, however, are nonexistent in the Tunisian legal space, the only mention of complementary currencies is included in the Penal code and is strictly forbidden.

N°	ASPECTS TO BE REPORTED	ACTIONS	OTHER ACTIONS/ DISCLAIMERS	OTHER DISCLAIMERS
11	Existing applicable legislation governing CM and EM	Point out this legislation The only applicable legislation forbids the use of CM	Delivery Regulation - circular of the Central Bank of Tunisia n° 2006-01 of March 28, 2006 relating to the	No regulation?
		Penal Code: Section XVIII - Counterfeiting and alteration of coins.	regulation of outsourcing operations,	
		- Article 185 - Is punished with life imprisonment whoever counterfeits or alters the fiduciary currency having legal tender in the Tunisian Republic, or	-Circular of the Central Bank of Tunisia n°2011-01 of January 06, 2011 relating to the conditions of provision of payment services by cell phone, Co-production, a model	for fair and susta
¹ Espe	ecially related to the Social Solidarity	participates in the emission or exhibition		

ARRAY TO BE FILLED IN:

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		of the said counterfeited or altered currencies, or in their introduction on the Tunisian territory.		
		-Article 187 (New). Amended by law n°89-23 of February 27, 1989- Is punished by twenty years of imprisonment whoever counterfeits or alters foreign currencies or participates in the issue, exhibition or introduction of counterfeit or altered foreign currencies		
		EM : See the table on EM and PSP where the EM regulations are covered entirely.		
		LAW N° 2000-83 OF 9 AUGUST 2000, RELATING TO ELECTRONIC TRADE AND EXCHANGE https://www.cmf.tn/sites/default/files/ pdfs/reglementation/textes-reference/ loi_2000-83_090800_fr.pdf		
		- law n°2005-51 of June 27, 2005 relating to the electronic transfer of funds	Co-production, a mod	lel for fair and sust

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		https://www.pist.tn/jort/2005/2005F/ Jo0512005.pdf		
		-law n° 2000-83 of August 9, 2000 on electronic commerce and trade		
		https://www.cmf.tn/sites/default/files/ pdfs/reglementation/textes-reference/ loi_2000-83_090800_fr.pdf		
		- Law of orientation n° 2007-13 of February 19, 2007, relating to the establishment of digital economy,		
		http://www.itstunisie.tn/index.php? option=com_content&task=view&id=21 0&Itemid=150		
2	Purpose of the regulation	Target and final intention regulationCIRCULAR OF THE CENTRALBANK OF TUNISIA N°2020-11 OFMAY 18, 2020		
		- promote a favorable ecosystem for the	Co-production, a mode 2	$\frown \frown \frown \frown \frown \frown \frown \frown \frown$

Indicate if there is no regulatory definition
Co-production, a model for fair and sus

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		remittance of funds in an amount not less than the monetary value issued and accepted as a means of payment by third parties other than the issuer of the electronic money.		
		The following are not considered means of payment: orders and cards issued and intended for : - the acquisition of goods or services from the issuer of these orders or cards, - the consumption of a service or the acquisition of goods, provided that they are used exclusively for the purposes for which they were issued.		
4	Scope of application of CM and EM legislation	Territorial (Supranational, State, Regional, Local)	Public/Private/Both	Referred to, enshrined in the Constitution or basic state law?
		State	Both	Basic State Law
			Co-production, a mode	for fair and sus
5	Stakeholders Involved in CM and EM	Administrations, Companies, NGOs Associations, Collectives, etc	Identify the actors involved in the functioning and development of CMs and EMs	

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		EM	EM	
			- Strategic Council of Digital Economy	
		https://unctad.org/system/files/official- document/dtlstict2022d3_fr.pdf	(CSEN)	
			- Central Bank - Ministry of Finance	
		- E-Government and Project	- Société Monétique Tunisie	
		Management Office (PMO-PNS) Unit at the Ministry of Technologies and Communication	National Agency for Electronic Certification (ANCE/Tuntrust)	
		 Central Bank Telecom Operators Banks (private or public) The Post Société Monétique Tunisie 	 Securing electronic transactions and exchanges in the fields of e-commerce, e-government, e-banking and e-finance. Development of electronic signature solutions 	
		International Organizations :		
		-European Investment Bank - African Development Bank - Islamic Development Bank - GIZ	Co-production, a mode	for fair and susta
		- IFC Group World Bank - European Investment Bank		

N°	ASPECTS TO BE REPORTED	ACTIONS	OTHER ACTIONS/ DISCLAIMERS	OTHER DISCLAIMERS
		- World Bank		
		- International Bank for Reconstruction		
		and Development		
		International cooperation		
		https://www.mtc.gov.tn/index.php?		
		id=12&L=128		
6	Administration - competent	Determine which bodies are responsible	To which administrative-territorial areas do	
	legislative body CM and EM	for creating applicable regulations	these bodies belong and with what	
			competence?	
		Central Bank		
		Ministry of Finance		
		- Ministerial Commission on Electronic	The president of the republic	
		Commerce (CMCE)	Presidency of the Government	
7	Administration - competent	Determine which bodies are responsible	To which administrative-territorial areas do	
	executive body CM and EM	for applying and enforcing the existing	these bodies belong and with what	
		PP regulations	competence?	
		Central Bank		
		Defines regulation, exerts control on	Présidence de la république	
		banks and financial establishments	Présidence du gouvernement	
		Supervises lending institutions, grants	residence du gouvernement	
		licenses for foreign currency operations	Co-production, a mode	for fair and sus
		• Considered the primary regulator for		
		mobile money and e-payments		arpoint

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		• Partnered with the Societe Monetique Tunisie (SMT) to provide switching and clearing		
		Ministry of Finance Ministry of technologies and communication		
		• Organizes the telecom sector, oversees planning, control, and supervision of activities		
		• Finances activities of the Tunisian Post Office, the Office National de Télédiffusion, and other ICT related activities		
		Ministry of Trade, Development and Exports		
		General Office of Digital Economy, Investment and Statistics		
		Société Monétique Tunisie	Co-production, a mode	al for fair and sustair
		• Develops technology related to		

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		payments		
		• Manages switching and clearing on behalf of BCT		
8	Measures promoting or encouraging CM and EM	Are there any specific measures, grants or incentives to promote PP and PPP actions? Yes	Indicate which ones and where they are regulated (indicating articles)National Strategic Plan « Tunisie Digitale 2020 »The NSP is articulated around 4 axes integrating 6 strategic orientations:Infrastructure Guarantee social inclusion and reduce the digital gap by improving access to information and knowledge, by democratizing access equipment, and by making broadband access widespread and implementing very high-speed broadband.e-Business Implementing a digital culture through the generalization of the use of ICTs in educational curricula and through the digitization of content.	Including tax benefits, social security, subsidies, etc
			Co-production, a model	for fair and sust
			Improving the competitiveness of business, all sectors combined, by investing in ICT and	

N⁰	ASPECTS TO BE REPORTED	ACTIONS	OTHER ACTIONS/ DISCLAIMERS	OTHER DISCLAIMERS
			positioning in the digital economy.	
			e-Gov	
			Evolve towards an e-Administration at the	
			service of the citizen, fair, transparent, agile and efficient.	
			Initiate the transition to a paper-free administration	
			Supporting the creation of added value, a	
			guarantee for the sustainability of	
			organizations and jobs, by supporting entrepreneurship and stimulating innovation.	
			entrepreneursnip und stinduting innovation.	
			Smart Tunisia	
			Ensure the reduction of unemployment and the	
			creation of 40,000 high value-added jobs in	
			the digital and offshoring sectors and the creation of national champions.	
			Transverse	
			Ensuring the transition of Tunisia into All	
			Digital via the establishment of a regulatory	
			framework, governance and a suitable security	
			enviropment co-production, a mode	for fair and sustaina
			Outcomes A A A A A A	
		(8)	$T(\underline{8}))(\underline{8})(\underline{8})(\underline{8})(\underline{8})(\underline{8})(\underline{8})(\underline{8})(\underline$	(8)(8)(8)(8)(8)(8)(8)(8)(8)

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		51.51% of households were connected to the internet in 2019, knowing that the goal of the plan was 100% in 2020.
		7400 jobs were created in 2018, while the plan called for 40,000.
		https://www.webmanagercenter.com/ 2021/03/31/465872/rim-jarou-le-plan- national-strategique-tunisie-digitale-2021- 2025-est-en-cours-de-finalisation/
		The COVID-19 has been a hindrance to the projects implemented under this strategy. A national strategic plan Tunisia Digital 2021- 2025 has been launched taking into account past experiences and learnings from the last period.
		https://www.ftusanet.org/wp-content/ uploads/2016/02/Intervention_MTCEN _finance_digitale.pdf
		Carte Technologique <u>https://exfordbusinersgroup.com/analysis</u> online-push-regulators-look-overcome- obstacles-e-commerce-payment-and-access

Efforts to improve payment capabilities have been underway since May 2015, when the Ministry of Communication Technologies and Digital Economy (Ministère des Technologies de la Communication et de l'Economie Numérique, MINCOM) launched the Digital Technology Charge Card, which allows users to make online purchases for software, mobile applications, web services and publications in		
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Technology Charge Card, which allows users to make online purchases for software, mobile applications, web services and publications in		
to make online purchases for software, mobile applications, web services and publications in		
applications, web services and publications in		
support of entrepreneurial activities.		
Individual users are limited to TD1000 (€384)		
in annual purchases, but the programme has		
been expanded to IT companies, which can		
spend up to TD10,000 (€3840) annually.		
https://unctad.org/system/files/official-		
document/dtlstict2022d3_fr.pdf		
National Strategy for Financial Inclusion		
2018-2022		
- December 2018, the Central Bank of Tunisia		
issued Circular No. 2018-16 governing the		
activity and operation of payment institutions		
to open the market for the provision of payment services to providers other than banks	for fair and sus	tainable societies

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			https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/	
			en/822451592422759317/pdf/Diagnostic-de-	
			lEconomie-Numerique-de-la-Tunisie.pdf	
			- The BCT is working with the Ministry of	
			Finance and the Ministry of Communication	
			Technologies and Digital Economy (MTCEN)	
			as well as with telecom operators to facilitate	
			the emergence of new digital financial services	
			that are able to promote socio-economic	
			development and financial inclusion, with for	
			example new models of access to credit (draft	
			law on Crowdfunding (collaborative financing) under preparation).	
			maneing) under preparation).	
			https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/	
			en/822451592422759317/pdf/Diagnostic-de-	
			lEconomie-Numerique-de-la-Tunisie.pdf	
			- The Tunisian Post has developed in	
			partnership with the startup DigitUs a payment	
			offer DigiCash and has allowed in 2018, 1	
			million students to pay school fees online	
9	Other CM and EM related	Point out Regulations	Relation Philaductions a model	for fair and sustaina
	legislation			

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		Law No. 2020-37 of August 6, 2020, on "Crowdfunding		
		Article 1 - The present law aims to organize " Crowdfunding " to provide the necessary financing to projects and companies in order to promote investment, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation.		
		 Art. 2 - For the purposes of this law, the following definitions apply - "Crowdfunding": the method of financing that relies on raising funds from the public via an internet platform dedicated to this purpose in order to finance projects or companies through investment in securities, loans, donations or gifts. 		
		http://www.tunisieindustrie.nat.tn/fr/ download/news/2020/ Loi Crowdfunding-n2020-37.pdf		
10	Possibility of creating new CM and EM legislation	How to carry it out, phases and persons to be involved	What Territorial-Administrative Scope?	
		Due to the current political context, this information is not confirmed	Co-production, a mode President of the republic Assembly of People's Representatives	for fair and sust

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		2022 Constitution :		
		Article 68:		
		The President has the right to introduce a bill of law.		
		Representatives have the right to introduce a bill of law under the condition that it is introduced by at least 10 representatives.		
		Only the President may introduce bills of ratification of treaties and budget bills.		
		And the president's bills have priority.		
		Article 70:		
		The Assembly of People's Representatives may, for a limited period of time and for specified purposes, delegate to the President the power to issue decrees. These decrees are introduced to the Assembly for approval once the aforementioned period ends.		
		https://tunisiacoup.com/2022/07/13/ translation-of-kais-saieds-proposed-	Co-production, a mode	for fair and susta
		constitution/		

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11	Possibility to amend existing legislation CM and EM	Way to do it	What Territorial-Administrative Scope?	
		Due to the current political context, this information is not confirmed	President of the republic Assembly of People's Representatives	
		2022 Constitution :		
		Article 79:		
		The Assembly of People's Representatives ratifies basic laws by absolute majority while ordinary laws must be ratified by a majority of the members of the Assembly present as long as they represent no less than a third of the members.		
		Article 80:		
		In the case that the Assembly of People's Representatives is dissolved, the President may issue decrees that are to be introduced to the Assembly for ratification during its first ordinary session.		
12	Problem	Indicate whether there are any specific	Identify such problems, loopholes and other	
	Identification/Regulatory implementation CM and EM	problems or loopholes in the EM and PSP regulation	Lack of a law dedicated to cybercrime despite	

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		Yes	the establishment of the National Cybersecurity Strategy 2020-2025.	
			https://unctad.org/system/files/official- document/dtlstict2022d3_fr.pdf	
			the regulation of electronic and mobile payments, unsuited to e-commerce operations;	
			the lack of interoperability between the various electronic and mobile payment methods.	
			The non-exhaustiveness of the regulatory framework governing digital financial services.	
			https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/ en/822451592422759317/pdf/Diagnostic-de- lEconomie-Numerique-de-la-Tunisie.pdf	
13	CM, EM and other regulations applicable to the	Providing legislation that regulates and conditions the execution and	Label of confidence :	
	Demonstration Action (Concrete Project)	development of the project	National label to facilitate trade on the Internet, helping consumers and sellers to buy	
		LAW N° 2000-83 OF AUGUST 9, 2000, ON ELECTRONIC TRADE AND	and sell throughout Tunisia and from abroad on Tunisian e-commerce sites.	
		EXCHANGE	Co-production, a mode t is an initiative of the National Chamber of	for fair and sustaina

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		CIRCULAR OF THE CENTRAL	Electronic Commerce and Remote Sales	
		BANK OF TUNISIA N°2020-11 OF	SEVAD, the INC, the ODC and the Tunisian	
		MAY 18, 2020	Ministry of Commerce, to frame the evolution	
			of the sector of e-commerce in Tunisia.	
			https://www.labeldeconfiance.tn/	
			consomateurs/label-de-confiance/	
			CIRCULAR 2015-05 ON INTERNATIONAL	
			TECHNOLOGY CARD PAYMENTS	
			https://www.bct.gov.tn/bct/siteprod/ actualites.jsp?id=130	
			Circular to Authorized Intermediaries n°9102-	
			02 of the central bank	
			https://www.bct.gov.tn/bct/siteprod/	
			documents/Cir_2019_02_fr.pdf	
			Law No. 2020-37 of August 6, 2020, on "Crowdfunding	
			Art. 30 - The projects presented on the	
			platform "Crowdfunding" in investment in	
			securities are exempted from the obligation to	
			prepare a prospectus. The project holders must submit to the Financial Market Council a short	
			note which includes in particular the	
			description of the project, the activity of the	
			company, the structure of its capital and the	
			financia on production dati mode	for fair and susta
			accordance with the model fixed by regulation of the Financial Market Council. The project	
		(8)	(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)((2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(2)(

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			holders must also publish the note provided for in the second paragraph of this article, on the platform before proceeding to the collection of funds. The Financial Market Council may request any additional information it deems necessary to assist contributors in making decisions.	
			-Financial services offered by the Tunisian Post: Payment of bills, fines, taxes (E-Dinar Smart)	
11				
14	Are there other forms of currencies other than legal tender or are they	Point out	If so, what legal and juridical framework applies to it?	Are they accepted by the public sector and by the private sector or
	prohibited?	Prohibited	Section XVIII of the Tunisian penal code	individuals?
15	Are there any financial services other than legal tender provided by financial institutions?	Point out. In particular, clarify whether they are related to SSE. No	If so, what legal and juridical framework applies to it?	Are they accepted by the public sector and by the private sector or individuals?
16	Apart from the State/Government and	Indicate which ones and the regulations	Convertion - mode	for fair and suc
	associated banks (Central Banks) are there other institutions that can issue		Co-production, a mode	

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	legal tender and electronic money?			
17	Are the services paid for with these local currencies (Complementary Currency Systems, CCS) subject to VAT, social security or other similar taxes and charges?	Indicate which ones and the regulations. No	Indicate which services would not be taxed, if any, or free of which specific charges and taxes.	
18	Is there any kind of legal security (insurance) coverage backing local currency and e-money related to the SSE?	Indicate which ones and the regulations. CIRCULAR OF THE CENTRAL BANK OF TUNISIA N° 2018 -61 Article 3: In accordance with the provisions of paragraph 5 of Article 21 of the aforementioned Act No. 2016-48, payment institutions must take out professional liability insurance or a bank guarantee in an amount sufficiently adequate to their own funds to cover their liability when providing payment services.	Explain what this security cover consists of and who provides it. The minimum amount of the insurance policy or bank guarantee must be determined by payment institutions based on the following criteria: - the risk profile of the institution, - the type of activity and payment services provided by the institution, and - the volume of activity of the institution. Payment institutions must establish a methodological approach for calculating the insurance policy or the bank guarantee and submit this approach to the prior approval of the Central Bank of Tunisia.	
19	Is there an inventory, ledger or similar document that records and preserves	Indicate which ones and the regulations. CIRCULAR OF THE CENTRAL	Explain how these records are produced and who makes the production, a mode	for fair and sus
	transactions based on local	BANK OF TUNISIA Nº 2018 -61	Article 9: Payment institutions must have 2 (an information system appropriate to the	

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	currency?		 nature and complexity of payment transactions ; a security system for operations that ensures full traceability of payment operations carried out and funds collected, records the operations carried out, has the position of all open payment accounts and prevents the risk of intrusion and the risks related to fraud by means of organizational measures and prevention tools; a registration and processing system for payment transactions in real time, both at the level of the payment institutions themselves as well as at the level of their networks of payment agents as defined in Title IV of this circular. 	
20	Other issues to highlight	Issues considered relevant with respect to the regulations governing CMs and EMs No issue to highlight		

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CHALLENGES & RECOMMENDATIONS:

To be completed by the local partner Establishing a legal framework for complementary currency.

MEASURES TO BE IMPLEMENTED:

To be completed by the local partner

OTHER INTERESTING SUGGESTIONS/NOTES:

To be completed by the local partner

IDENTIFIED CONFLICTING ISSUES (if any):

To be completed by the local partner

EXAMPLES OF ACTIONS DEVELOPED IN THE FIELD OF SSE IN THE COUNTRY, REFERENCES AND HOW THEY HAVE BEEN DEVELOPED (if any):

To be completed by the local partner

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